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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/852,376	05/10/2001	Eric A. Jacobsen	884.427US1	5426
21186	7590 12/01/2004	•	EXAMINER	
SCHWEGN	IAN, LUNDBERG,	LY, ANH VU H		
P.O. BOX 2938 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WIII VI VEZ II O	215, 1111 35 102		2667	

DATE MAILED: 12/01/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Assistant Community	09/852,376	JACOBSEN, ERIC A.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Anh-Vu H Ly	2667			
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile 1.136(a). In no event, however, howe	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mis action is non-final.				
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	•				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) as a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the I	ccepted or b) objected to by the ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/15/02; 02/19/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

1. Claims 1-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kadous (US 2001/0036235 A1).

With respect to claims 1, 7, 8, 19, and 25, Kadous discloses in Fig. 1, a functional block diagram illustrating portions of an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) receiver 100. Herein, a signal r(t) is received, synchronized, corrected, deinterleaved, and decoded. It should be understood that in an OFDM system, a signal r(t) or OFDM symbol comprises a plurality of data symbols modulated by different subcarriers and plurality of pilot symbols (receiving an OFDM symbol from a communication channel, said OFDM symbol having a plurality of data subcarriers and a plurality of pilot symbols). Kadous discloses on page 3, 32nd paragraph and Fig. 2, that the least square (LS) channel estimate (pilot vector) is then determined by performing division on the training sequence (pilot symbols) in LS estimator 56 (generating a pilot vector using pilot symbols from OFDM symbol). Coefficient interpolator and channel estimator then multiplies interpolation coefficient for each channel (herein, every channel or subcarrier is considered as interested subcarrier) (obtaining a first interpolation vector corresponding to a first subscarrier of interest) by the LS estimator to obtain the final channel

Art Unit: 2667

estimates (calculating a dot product of pilot vector and first interpolation vector to generate an equalization coefficient for first subcarrier of interest).

With respect to claim 2, 9, 17, 24, and 29, Kadous discloses on page 2, 20th paragraph, that the interpolation coefficient (obtaining an interpolation vector corresponding to each subcarrier of interest) or interpolator matrix M is determined and multiplied by an LS estimate for each transmitting antenna to determine the channel estimate for each channel (calculating a dot product of pilot vector and interpolation vector for each subcarrier of interest to generate an equalization coefficient for each subcarrier of interest).

With respect to claims 3, 16, 21, and 27, Kadous discloses on page 3, 32nd paragraph and Fig. 2, that the least square (LS) channel estimate (pilot vector) is then determined by performing division on the training sequence (pilot symbols) in LS estimator 56 (herein, a set of pilot symbols is considered as the all the pilot symbols) (generating a pilot vector includes selecting a set of pilot symbols from OFDM symbol based upon the identities of said subcarriers of interest).

With respect to claims 4, 15, and 22, Kadous discloses on page 3, 32nd paragraph and Fig. 2, that the least square (LS) channel estimate (pilot vector) is then determined by performing division on the training sequence (pilot symbols) in LS estimator 56 (generating a pilot vector includes using all pilot symbols within OFDM symbol).

Art Unit: 2667

With respect to claims 5, 14, 18, 23, and 28, Kadous discloses on page 2, 20th paragraph, that the interpolation coefficient is determined by estimating maximum delay, calculating maximum number of multipaths by dividing maximum delay by the transmitted symbol duration, creating a CMPP, and performing a FFT on CMPP to generate a frequency correction factor which is used to determine an interpolator coefficient in the form of an interpolator matrix M(herein, interpolation vectors that each have a length that is equal to the pilot vector). Herein, the matrix is stored for further used in calculating channel estimate (obtaining a first interpolation vector includes selectively retrieving first interpolation vector from a memory).

With respect to claims 6, 10, 20, and 26, Kadous discloses in Fig. 1, a functional block diagram illustrating portions of an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) receiver 100. Herein, a signal r(t) is received, synchronized, corrected, deinterleaved, and decoded. It should be understood that in an OFDM system, a signal r(t) or OFDM symbol comprises a plurality of data symbols modulated by different subcarriers and plurality of pilot symbols. Herein, one or more subcarriers are assigned to a subscriber for modulating the data symbols (identifying subcarriers of interest includes identifying subcarriers associated with a first user within the communication system).

With respect to claims 11-13, Kadous discloses in Fig. 1, a functional block diagram illustrating portions of an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) receiver 100 (communication device is a portable communicator, a base station, or a wireless OFDM receiver).

Application/Control Number: 09/852,376

Art Unit: 2667

Conclusion

Page 5

2. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Vook et al (US Patent No. 6,765,969 B1) discloses method and device for multi-user

channel estimation.

Sudo (US Patent No. 6,625,111 B1) discloses OFDM communication apparatus.

Siala et al (US Patent No. 6,768,713 B1) discloses OFDM receiver with iterative channel

estimation and a corresponding method.

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Anh-Vu H Ly whose telephone number is 571-272-3175. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Chi Pham can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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